





COLOR TELEVISION

• This Service Manual contains the additional information "NOTICES BEFORE REPAIRING", "DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS" and "ADJUSTMENT" for the model TV-A2010 (KER, KE) and TV-A2018 (SH). If requiring the other information, see Service Manual of TV-A2010 / 2018 (2010<KER, KE>, 2018<SH>), (S/M Code No. 09-99C-420-5R1).



SUPPLIMEN'

# To make the best use of this equipment, make sure to obey the following items when repairing (or mending).

- 1. Do not damage or melt the tunicate of the leading wire on the AC1 side, including the power supply cord.
- 2. Do not soil or stain the letters on the spec. inscription plates, notice labels, fuse labels, etc.
- When repairing the part extracted from the conducted side of the board pattern, fix it firmly with applying bond to the pattern and the part.
- 4. Restore the following items after repairing.
  - 1) Conditions of soldering of the wires (especially, the distance on the AC1 side).
    - 2) Conditions of wiring, bundling of wires, etc.
    - 3) Types of the wires.
  - 4) Attachment conditions of all types of the insulation.
- After repairing, always measure the insulation resistance and perform the voltage-withstand test (See Fig-1).
- 1) The insulation resistance must be 1 M $\Omega$  when applying 500V per second.
- 2) In the voltage withstand test, apply 1 kV for 1 min and check that the GO lamp lights.
- \* Breaking current set to 10 mA.
- \* Connect the safety checker as shown in Fig-1, then measure the resistance and perform the test.
- \* Do not touch the equipment during testing.
- \* For details of the safety checker, refer to the supplied Operation manual.

# When servicing and checking on the TV, note the followings.

1. Keep the notices.

- As for the places which need special attentions, they are indicated with labels or seals on the cabinet, chassis and parts. Make sure to keep the indications and notices in the operation manual.
- Avoid an electric shock. There is a high voltage part inside. Avoid an electric shock while the electric current is flowing.
- 3. Use the designated parts.
- The parts in this equipment have the specific characteristics of incombustibility and withstand voltage for safety.

Therefore, use a part which has the same character as the replaced part. Especially as to the important parts for safety which is indicated in the circuit diagram or the table of parts with a  $\triangle$  mark, the designated parts must be used.

4. Put parts and wires in the original position after assembling or wiring.

There are parts which use the insulation material such as a tube or tape for safety, or which are assembled so that these parts do not make contact with the printed Insulation resistance: 1 M $\Omega$  (500 V/s) Voltage-withstand: 1 kV for 1 min

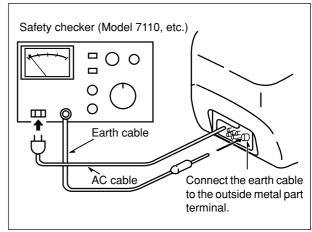


Fig-1

- board. The inside wiring is designed not to get close to the pyrogenic parts and high voltage parts. Therefore, put these parts in the original positions.
- Take care of the cathode-ray tube. By setting an explosion-proof cathode-ray tube in this equipment, safety is secured against implosion. However, when removing it or servicing from the back, it gives out shock that is dangerous. Take enough care to deal with it.
- 6. Avoid an X-ray.

Safety is secured against an X-ray by giving considerations to the cathode-ray tube and the high voltage peripheral circuit, etc. Therefore, when repairing the high voltage peripheral circuit, use the designated parts and do not change the circuit. Repairing, except indicates, causes rising of high voltage, and the cathode-ray tube emits an X-ray.

 Perform a safety check after servicing. Confirm that the screws, parts and wiring which were removed in order to service are put in the original positions, or whether there are deteriorated portions around the places serviced.

# A Safety Components Symbol

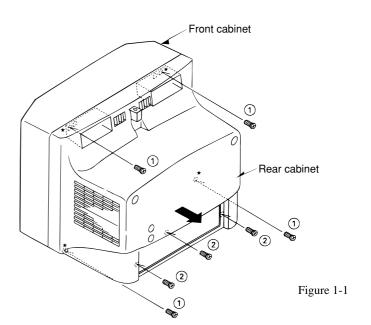
This symbol is given to important parts which serve to maintain the safety of the product, and which are made to confirm to special Safety Specifications.

Therefore, when replacing a component with this symbol make absolutely sure that you use a designated part.

# DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

# 1. REAR CABINET REMOVAL

 Remove four screws ① and three screws ②, then remove the rear cabinet in the direction of the arrow. (See Figure 1-1)



# 2. HIGH-VOLTAGE CAP (ANODE CAP) REMOVAL

## 2-1. Cautions before Removing

## Discharge the anode voltage

(1) The anode voltage is not discharged completely from the CRT of this unit even after the power is turned off. Be sure to discharge the residual anode voltage before removing the anode cap.

## Do not use pliers

(2) Do not use pliers, etc. to remove the anode cap. If you used pliers and bent the hook to remove the cap, the spring characteristics of the hook could be lost, and when reinstalled, the cap would come off from the CRT anode button easily, causing an accident.

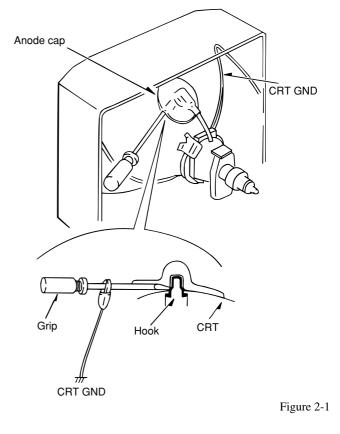
#### Do not turn the anode cap

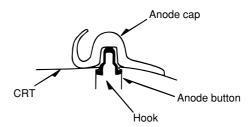
(3) If the anode cap is turned in the direction of its circumference, the hook is likely to come off.

#### 2-2. Anode Cap Removal

Discharge the anode voltage. (See Figure 2-1)

- (1) Connect a flat-bladed screwdriver to the CRT GND via an alligator clip.
- (2) Use a tester to check the end of the screwdriver and ground of the TV for continuity.
- (3) Touch the hook with the end of the screwdriver. **Caution :** Be careful not to damage the anode cap.
- (4) Turn over the anode cap.Caution : Be careful not to damage the anode cap.





(5) Push the anode cap with your thumb in the direction of arrow ① as shown in the figure, then lift the cap in the direction of arrow ② to release the hook on one side. (See Figure 2-3)

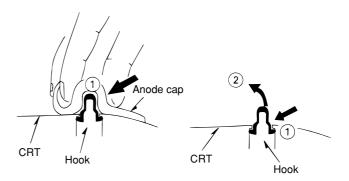


Figure 2-3

- (6) Turn over the anode cap on the side where the hook was released and pull out the cap in the direction opposite to that on which the cap was pushed. (See Figure 2-4) Caution : Do not pull out the anode cap straight up.
  - : Do not pull the cap forcibly. After removing the cap, check that the hook is not deformed.

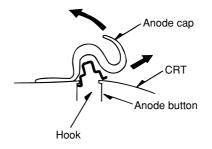
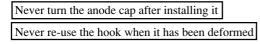


Figure 2-4

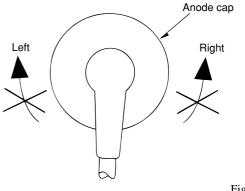
#### 3. ANODE CAP REINSTALLTION

Observe the cautions carefully so that no accident occurs due to a defect in installing the anode cap and so it does not come off.

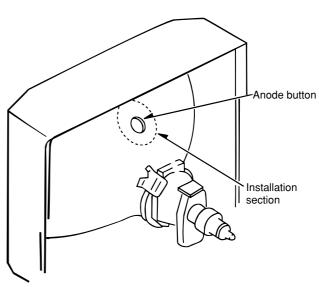
#### 3-1. Caution before Reinstalling



- If the anode cap is turned after it is installed, it may come off. Therefore, arrange the high-voltage cable before attaching the anode cap. (See Figure 3-1)
- (2) If you have attached the anode cap before arranging the high-voltage cable, arrange the cable carefully so the cap does not turn.
- 3-2. Anode cap reinstallation
- Use a clean cloth moistened slightly with alcohol to clean the installation section. (See Figure 3-2)
   Caution : Check that the installation section is free from dust, foreign matter, etc.
- (2) Coat the anode cap installation circumference with an appropriate amount of the specified silicone grease (KS-650N).
  - Caution : Be careful that silicone grease does not enter the anode button.







(3) Eliminate twisting, etc. of the high-voltage cable and arrange it so that no twisting occurs. (See Figure 3-3)
 Caution : If the cable is not arranged correctly, the anode cap could turn and cause an installation defect.

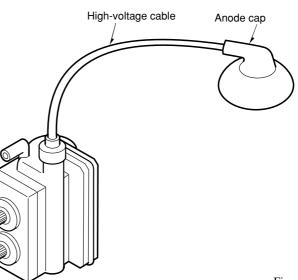


Figure 3-3

(4) Turn over the rubber cap symmetrically on the left and right. (See Figure 3-4)Caution : Take great care not to damage the anode cap.

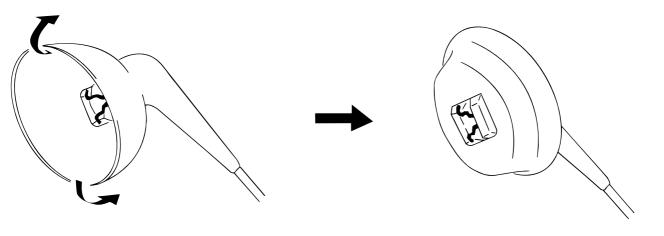


Figure 3-4

(5) Fit your forefinger over the projection at the center of the cap and hold the cap between your thumb and middle finger. (See Figure 3-5)

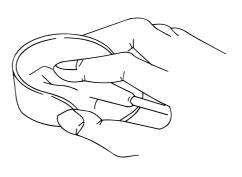
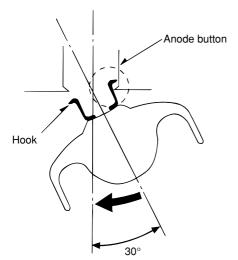
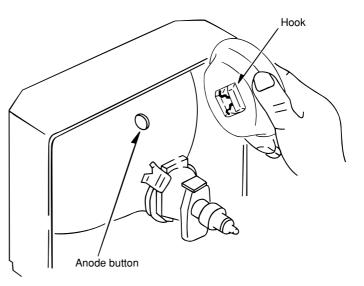


Figure 3-5

- (6) Apply the hook on one side to the anode button as shown on the figure. (See Figure 3-6)
- **Caution :** Check that the hook is held securely.
- (7) Apply the hook on the other side to the anode button as shown in Figure 3-7.







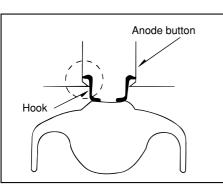
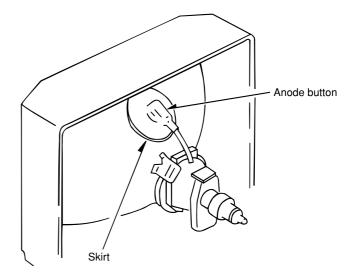


Figure 3-7

- (8) Pull the anode cap slightly with the rubber cap turned over and visually check that the hook is engaged securely.
- (9) Release your hand from the rubber cap of the anode cap.Caution : Cover the anode cap so that it does not lift.
- (10) Hold the skirt of the andoe cap slightly to improve the close contact between the cap and CRT.
- (11) Check that the anode cap is in close contact with the CRT. (See Figure 3-8)





# 4. NK C.B. (PWB, NK) REMOVAL

- (1) Disconnect CN553 (CRT GND).
- (2) Disconnect CN551, CN552
- (3) Remove the NK C.B. in the direction of arrow ①.(See Figure 4-1)

# 5. MAIN C.B (PWB, MAIN) REMOVAL

- (1) Remove connector (CN901).
- (2) Remove connector (CN801).
- (3) Remove connector (CN802).
- (4) Pull out the MAIN C.B. in the direction of the arrow (2) (See Figure 4-1).

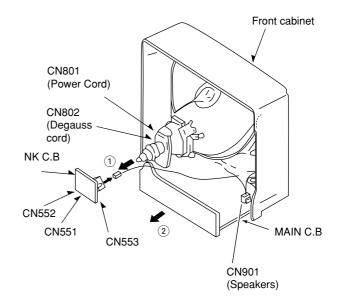


Figure 4-1

# ADJUSTMENT

# Set-Up For Adjustment

Because the video signal output from a pattern generator is used as the adjustment signal input during adjustment, the video signal output from the pattern generator must conform with the specifications. Measure the output waveform across 75  $\Omega$  load. Confirm that the synchronizing signal has an amplitude of about 0.3 V, the video signal portion has an amplitude of about 0.7 V and the burst signal has an amplitude of about 0.3 V with flat envelope. Confirm that ratio of the burst signal amplitude and the red signal amplitude is 0.30 : 0.66. If the output signal does not conform with the specifications, calibrate the pattern generator. (Refer to pattern generator operation manual.)

Use the LEADER: LCG 404 for the pattern generator.

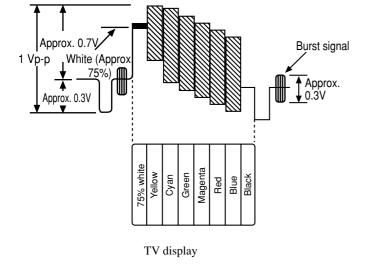
# 1. CRT Adjustment

- 1-1. Precautions
- (1) Receive the white raster signal, and then perform aging for at least 20 minutes.
- (2) Demagnetize the area surronding the CRT with a degausser before making adjustments.
- (3) Set the picture quality for each mode to the factory setting.
- (4) Position the front screen facing the east as much as possible.

## 1-2. Purpose

(1) Beam landing adjustment (purity magnet)

Set the left/right balance of beam landing. If there is a discrepancy in this adjustment, a color irregularity will occur. After completion of the landing adjustment, it is necessary to perform convergence adjustment.



Color bar signal of a pattern generator

# Precautions Before Starting Adjustment

Satisfy the following setting conditions before starting adjustment.

- Allow warm-up of 20 minutes or longer. (Do not turn off during warm-up.)
- Set all picture quality controls of users' setting to initial set-up, unless otherwise specified.
- · Picture quality reset
  - 1. Select "Picture" on the screen menu and press enter button.
  - 2. Select "Normal" and press enter button.
  - 3. Select "Reset" and press enter button.
- Set the pattern generator's output level to 1.0Vp-p (across  $75\Omega$  load).

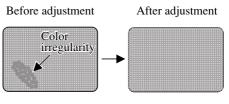


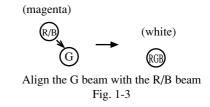
Fig. 1-1

(2) Beam convergence adjustment (4-pole magnet)

Align the R beam with the B beam. The G beam does not move with this adjustment.

(magenta) (magenta) (magenta) (R/B) (G)Align the R beam with the B beam
Fig. 1-2

(3) Beam convergence adjustment (6-pole magnet) With a 4-pole magnet align the G beam with the already aligned R/B beam.



(4) The composition of each magnet is as shown in Fig. 1-4.

In making adjustments, rotate the lock ring clockwise (looking from the CRT's back screen) and disengage. Be careful not to loose the lock ring too much. If the magnet assembly has become shifted during adjustments, secure it to the position in Fig. 1-4.

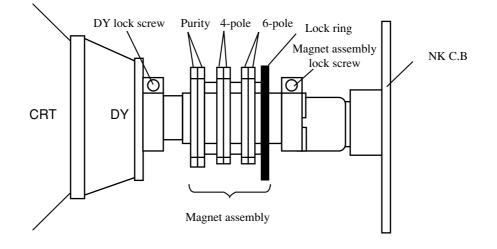
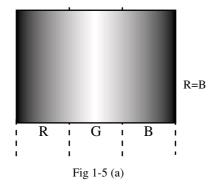


Fig 1-4

- 1-3. Beam Landing Adjustment
- (1) Receive the green raster signal from the pattern generator.
- (2) Loosen the magnet lock screw, and shift the magnet assembly backward (toward the neck).
- (3) Loosen the DY lock screw, and shift the DY deflecting yoke backward (toward the neck).
- (4) After opening the two purity magnets to the same angle, adjust the color width of the bands on both sides of the screen so that they are equal. (refer to Fig. 1-5 (a)).



As shown in Fig. 1-5 (b), the purity magnet functions in relation to the electron beam.

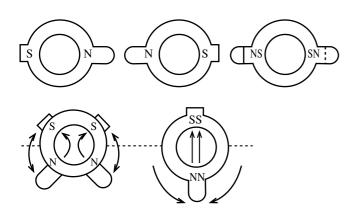


Fig 1-5 (b)

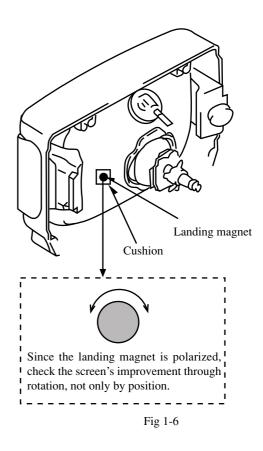
- (5) Gradually shift the deflecting yoke toward the front (toward the CRT funnel). Stop movement at the point when the screen has become completely green.
- (6) Also, verify the respective monochromatics of red and blue.
- (7) While looking at the screen, adjust the tilt of the deflecting yoke and tighten the DY lock screw.
- (8) Shift the magnet assembly to the front (toward the CRT funnel), stop movement before the adjustment position and then tighten the magnet lock screw.

At this time, be careful not to shift the position of the purity magnet.

As there is occurrence of convergence distortion after completing the landing adjustments, be sure to carry out convergence adjustments.

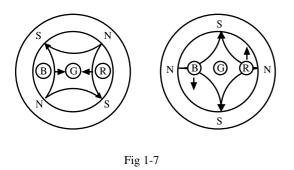
If the color irregularities in the screen's corner section are not improved, correct them with the landing magnet. After using the landing magnet, be sure to demagnetize the CRT with degausser and verify that there is no occurrence of color irregularity. (refer to Fig. 1-6)

Landing magnet: 81-JTI-710-010 (two-sided adhesive tape) : 80-XVI-218-010 Cushion



#### 1-4. Beam Center Convergence Adjustment

Make adjustments on the convergence with 4-pole and 6-pole magnets. Operate each magnet in relation to the electron beam as shown in Figs. 1-7 and 1-8. When performing this adjustment, verify whether there is distortion in the focus adjustment. If necessary, carry out adjustments again.



In Fig. 1-7, two 4-pole magnets are stacked together so as to be of the same polarity. Move the B and R beams to their respective direction, by rotating the two 4-pole magnets together. By adjusting the opening of the two magnets, it is possible to adjust the amount of the beam's movement.

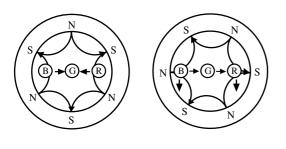


Fig 1-8

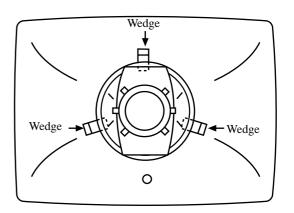
In Fig. 1-8, the two 6-pole magnets are stacked together so as to be of the same polarity. Move the B and R beams to their respective direction, by rotating the two 6-pole magnets together. By adjusting the opening of the two magnets, it is possible to adjust the amount of the beam's movement.

- (1) Receive the dot pattern signal from the pattern generator.
- (2) Pay attention to the center of the screen, and perform adjustments with two 4-pole magnets so that the R beam and B beam are perfectly aligned and become a magenta color. (Refer to Fig. 1-2)
- (3) In the same way, pay attention to the screen, and perform adjustments with a 6-pole magnet so that the magenta beam and G beam are aligned and become a white dot. (Refer to Fig. 1-3)
- (4) After adjustments are completed, secure all magnets with the lock link. (Refer to Fig. 1-4)

### 1-5. The Surrounding Convergence Adjustment

Perform this adjustment after completion of adjustment 1-4.

- (1) Shake the deflecting yoke up, down to the right and left, and adjust any discrepancies in the screen's surroundings.
- (2) Insert wedges in three locations in the gap between the deflecting yoke and the surface of the CRT funnel in order to secure the deflecting yoke. (Refer to Fig. 1-9)



Position of wedge

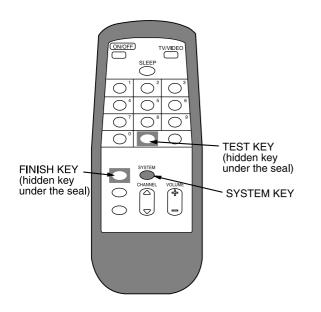
Fig. 1-9

# Setting of IIC BUS Data

This model is designed with the ability to adjust most parts of the image projection and deflection system by using the jig remote controller.

# Preparations :

 Modify the hidden keys on the RC-6VT06 jig remote controller (TV-C142/86-LB4-951-010) so that they can easily be pressed.
 2 keys to be modified. (Refer to the below illustration)



Starting the "Service Mode" :

Hidden key / "TEST"

- Press the "TEST" key on the jig remote controller once to enter to the "Aging Mode" (Refer Fig. 1).
- Press the "CHANNEL" key on the jig remote controller to enter to the "Adjustment Mode".

Hidden key / "FINISH"

- The accumulated hours in the "Aging Mode" will be reset by pressing the "FINISH" key on the jig remote controller.
- · Avoid to press this key during general repairs.

# Aging Mode Operation Method :

Make sure that confirmation is done after replacing the EEP ROM.

1. Enter to the aging mode by pressing the "TEST" key on the remote controller. (Fig. 1)

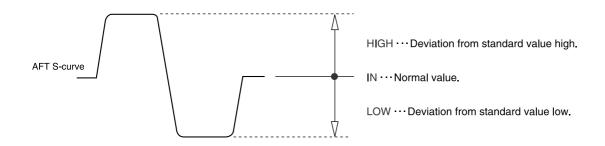


Fig. 1

# Contents of Aging Mode :

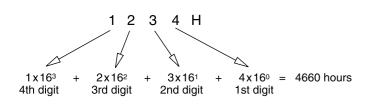
- Release "Auto Power Off" function Release "Auto Power Off" function when no input is supplied. Use this mode for warming up (aging) during CRT adjustment.
- 2. AFT S-curve status indication

The condition of AFT S-curves are indicated by "IN" for suitable tuning, "HIGH" for too high or "LOW" for too low. "OUT" is indicated when no signal is supplied.



3. Display of "CRT ON" accumulated hours The CRT usage time is accumulated on an hourly basis and is displayed in hexadecimal figures.

Sample calculation of displayed hexadecimal figures : <u>HEX 1 2 3 4</u>



• The display will be reset to 0000H when the accumulated hours exceed 7FFFH(32768 hours).

#### Adjustment Mode Operation Method :

3. Return to the aging display by pressing the "SYSTEM" key and press "TEST" key once again to enter into the adjustment menu screen.

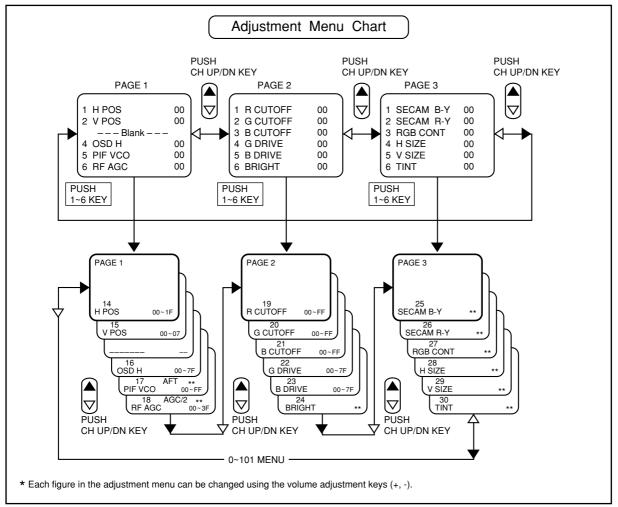


Fig. 2

Reference

Values

00

7F

00

3F

40

00

04

7F

30

00

3F

20

20

20

00

7F

3A

00

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No <sub>.</sub>	Menus	Reference Values	No <sub>.</sub>	Menus
0	CONT	20	34	BRIGHT STEP
1	COLOR	10	35	BRIGHT MAX
2	SHARPNESS	20	36	CONT MIN
3	SUB CONTRAST	08	37	CONT MAX
4	V LINEA	07	38	COLOR NTSC
5	V S CORR	05	39	COLOR MIN
6	ABL START	02	40	COLOR SECAM
7	IF FEAQ	04	41	COLOR MAX
8	BGP P	00	42	RG CONT MAX
9	PARABOLA	_	43	SHARP MIN
10	TRAPEZIUM	-	44	SHARP MAX
11	V. EHT	_	45	SHARP NT
12	CORNER	_	46	SHARP NT VIDEO
13	H. EHT	_	47	SHARP VIDEO
14	H POS	0C	48	TINT MIN
15	V POS	04	49	TINT MAX
16	OSD H	17	50	TXT RGB MAC
17	PIF VCO	80	51	ABL GAIN
18	RF AGC	20	52	V AGC
19	R CUTOFF	80	53	WHITE PEAK
20	G CUTOFF	80	54	MUTE
21	B CUTOFF	80	55	AF GAIN
22	G DRV GAIN	40	56	VIDEO POL
23	B DRV GAIN	40	57	BPF/TOF
24	BRIGHT	40	58	CHROMA TRAP
25	SEGAM B-Y	08	59	HALF TONE
26	SEGAM R-Y	08	60	COLOR SYSTEM
27	RGB CONT	20	61	CW SW
28	H SIZE	_	62	AFT MUTE
29	V SIZE	20	63	BLUE BACK
30	TINT	3F	64	DC NF SPEED
31	TEST	_	65	V FREQ
32	TEST 2	_	66	NTSC COMB
33	BRIGHT MIN	00	67	BLACKING

No <sub>.</sub>	Menus	Reference Values
68	H OUT STOP	-
69	FORCED ID	-
70	SELF ADJ	-
71	ID SENSIV	-
72	SECAM ADJ	_
73	AFT ON	_
74	YM EMB	-
75	YUV SW	_
76	AFC GAIN	00
77	V LINEA 60	07
78	H SIZE 60	_
79	PARABOLA 60	_
80	TRAPEZIUM 60	_
81	V. EHT 60	_
82	CORNER 60	_
83	H. EHT 60	_
84	V S CORR 60	06
85	V SIZE 60	0B
86	V POS 60	00
87	H POS 60	0F
88	OSD H 60	14
89	OSD V 60	08
90	G VSIZE SHIFT	02
91	G HSIZE SHIFT	00
92	G VPOS SHIFT	00
93	G HPOS SHIFT	00
94	OSD V	09
95	VOL LOUDSPK	73
96	FM MATRIX	01
97	PRESCALE FM/AM	25
98	PRESCALE NICAM	56
99	PRESCALE SCART	19
100	NICAM IDL	03
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	1

\*1. The indicated reference values are different from the actual data values.

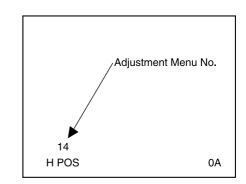
\*2. Depending on the model, all items which are described in the "Adjustment Mode" may not be always applicable. Refer to each adjustment.

#### Menu Screen Adjustment :

- Operate after inputting the following initial figures when replacing EEP ROM. These initial figures are only for reference purposes and meant for rough adjustment.
- Check the condition and adjust the area where the general repair is carried out.

TV-A2010, A2018	Initial Figures PAL (NTSC)			
PAGE 1 1. H POS 2. V POS	0A(0D) 3(1)			
4. OSD H 5. PIF VCO 6. RF AGC	 18(17) 85 3F			
PAGE 2 1. R CUT OFF 2. G CUT OFF 3. B CUT OFF 4. G DRV GAIN 5. B DRV GAIN 6. BRIGHT	7F 7F 7F 60 60 20			
PAGE 3 1. SECAM B-Y 2. SECAM R-Y 3. RGB CONT 4. H SIZE 5. V SIZE 6. TINT	0C 0B 00 00 1B(18) 3F			
Fig. 1				

Sample Indication for Adjustment Menu No.



Each adjustment should be carried out after checking the adjustment menu no. (Refer to the above Fig.)

# PAGE 1

1-1. H POS Horizontal Positioning Adjustment

PAL

Adjustment Menu No. 14 (Page 1-1)

Input signal : Crosshatch

Measuring instrument : Pattern generator / PAL

• Use the volume keys on the jig remote controller to adjust the dot mark in the centre of crosshatch screen to the exact centering position by allocating an equal number of squares on the left and right side of the dot. A=B (Fig. 1-1)

#### NTSC

Adjustment Menu No. 87

Input signal : Crosshatch

Measuring instrument : Pattern generator / NTSC

• Using the "CHANNEL" key, scroll through the adjustment menu and select No.87. To adjust, follow the same procedure as PAL.

#### 1-2. V POS Vertical Positioning Adjustment PAL

Adjustment Menu No.15 (Page 1-2) Input signal : Crosshatch

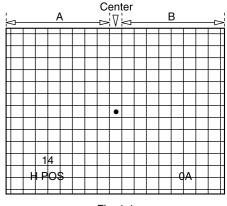
Measuring instrument : Pattern generator / PAL

- Using the volume keys on the jig remote controller, adjust the dot mark to the exact vertical centre position in the crosshatch screen. (Fig. 1-2)
- \* In case of being unable to adjust by the above mentioned procedure, adjust S501.

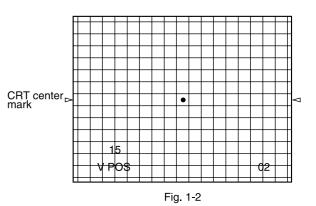
#### NTSC

Adjustment Menu No. 86 Input signal : Crosshatch

- Measuring instrument : Pattern generator / NTSC
  - Use the "CHANNEL" key to scroll through the adjustment menu and select
- No. 86. To adjust, follow the same procedure as PAL.
- \* Do not adjust S501 for NTSC.







1-3. OSD H OSD Horizontal Positioning Adjustment

PAL

Adjustment Menu No. 16 (Page 1-4) Input signal : Crosshatch

Measuring instrument : Pattern generator / PAL

• Use the volume keys on the jig remote controller to adjust each A and B positions on both left and right in the equal distance towards the screen edge in the OSD display. A = B (Fig. 1-3)

# NTSC

Adjustment Menu No. 88 Input signal : Crosshatch

Measuring instrument : Pattern generator / NTSC

- Use the "CHANNEL" key to scroll through the adjustment menu and select No.88. To adjust, follow the same procedure as PAL.
- 1-4. OSD V OSD Vertical Positioning Adjustment

#### PAL Adjustment Menu No. 94

Input signal : Crosshatch

- Use the "CHANNEL" key to scroll through the adjustment menu screen and select No.94.
- Using the volume keys on the jig remote controller, adjust A and B on both top and bottom shown in the OSD screen to be equidistant from the screen edges. A = B (Fig. 1-4)

#### NTSC

Adjustment Menu No. 89

Input signal : Crosshatch

1-5. PIF VCO Video IF • VCO Adjustment Adjustment Menu No.17 (Page 1-5)

Test point : IC301 ① PIN AFT OUT

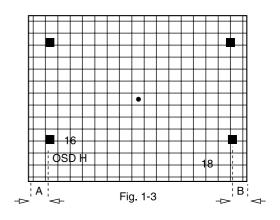
Input signal : No signal

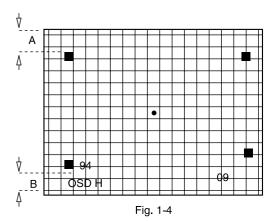
to  $2.5 \pm 0.5$  VDC.

Measuring instrument : Pattern generator / NTSC

• Use the "CHANNEL" key to scroll through the adjustment menu and select No. 89. To adjust, follow the same procedure as PAL.

· Use volume keys on the jig remote controller and adjust the test point voltage value





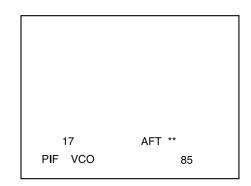


Fig. 1-5

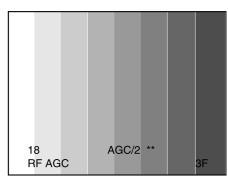


Fig. 1-6

# 1-6. **RF AGC RF - AGC**

Adjustment Menu No.18 (Page 1-6) Input signal : Color bar (ANT RF - INPUT) fp = 471.25MHzTest point : IC301 ① PIN AFT OUT Measuring instrument : Oscilloscope

- 1. Connect oscilloscope to IC301 ① PIN.
- 2. Using the volume keys on the jig remote controller, set the value to [3F]. At this point, measure the voltage on the test point.
- Use the volume keys on the jig remote controller and reduce the Fig. 1-6 value.
   (3E → 3D...) At this point, confirm the reduction of the test point voltage value.
- 4. Complete the adjustment when the difference of the voltage value when compared to [3F] becomes less than 0.2V.

# PAGE 2

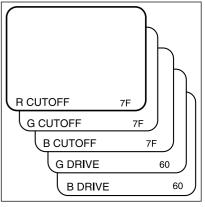
White Balance Adjustment : Adjustment Menu No. 19-24 (PAGE 2 - 1 to 2 - 5)

\*User's picture quality will be cleared when the adjustment menu screen appears. Input Signal : White raster

Contents of Adjustment : 1. R CUT OFF 2. G CUT OFF



- \* More than 15 minutes of aging is required before the adjustment.
  - \* The whole process should be repeated several times for the adjustment.





Measuring instrument : Pattern generator

# Cut Off Adjustment :

2-1. Use the pattern generator to input the white raster signal

2-2. Using the volume keys on the jig remote controller, fix the figure of the strongest color on the screen to 7F and adjust the other 2 cut off figures until a white picture appears on the screen. (Fig.2-1)

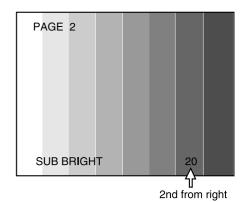
#### Drive Adjustment :

- 2-3. Using the volume keys on the jig remote controller, bring the figure of the 4. G DRIVE up to more than 60 (in hexadecimal figure) till the color becomes greenish.
- 2-4. Then reduce the numeric figure to the point where the greenish color disappears completely.
- 2-5. Use the volume keys on the jig remote controller to increase the numeric figure of the **5**. **B DRIVE** up to more than 60 (in hexadecimal figure) till the color becomes bluish.
- 2-6. Then reduce the numeric figure to the point where the bluish color disappears completely.
- 2-7. Repeat the process of 2-1 to 2-6 for several times and adjust for whiter look.

## BRIGHT Sub-brightness Adjustment Adjustment Menu No.24 (Page 2-6)

Input signal : Stair step

- Measuring instrument: Pattern generator
- 1. Using the volume keys on the jig remote controller, adjust the scale of the second last from right to be slightly brightened. (Fig. 2-2)







Input signal : Dot pattern

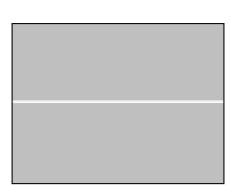
Adjustment point : SFR located at upper part of FBT (T601) Measuring instrument : Pattern generator

• Adjust SFR which is located at upper part of FBT (T601) in order to get the best focus for the dot.

#### Screen Adjustment :

Input signal : No signal (No Raster) Adjustment point : SFR located at lower part of FBT (T601)

- 1. Enter to the "Aging Mode Screen" by pressing "TEST" key on the jig remote controller once.
- 2. Press "10" key of the numeric channel keypad to get a horizontal single line screen. (Fig. 2-3)
- 3. Adjust SFR located at lower part of FBT (T601) until the horizontal line starts to be slightly brightened.
- 4. Repeat the process of step 2 and return to the "Adjustment Menu Screen".

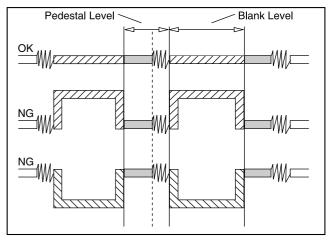




# PAGE 2

3-1. SECAM B - Y Adjustment Menu No. 25 (Page 3-1) Input signal : Black signal Measuring instrument : Oscilloscope Pattern generator / SECAM Test Point : CNA301 ③ PIN B OUT

- 1. Connect oscilloscope to the test point.
- 2. Use the volume keys of the jig remote controller and adjust the pedestal & blank levels to be linear as shown in the Fig. 3-1.





3-2. SECAM R - Y Adjustment Menu No. 26 (Page 3-2) Input signal : Black signal Measuring instrument : Oscilloscope Pattern generator / SECAM Test Point : CNA301 ③ PIN B OUT

- 1. Connect oscilloscope to the test point.
- 2. Use the volume keys of the jig remote controller and adjust the pedestal & blank levels to be linear as shown in the Fig. 3-2.

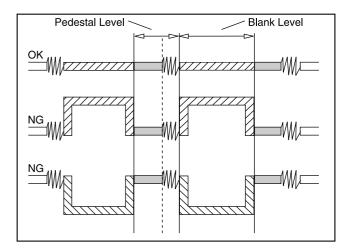


Fig. 3-1

3-3. RGB CONT Sub-Contrast Adjustment Adjustment Menu No. 27 (Page 3-3) This model does not support this function. Set the data value to "00". (Fig. 3-3)

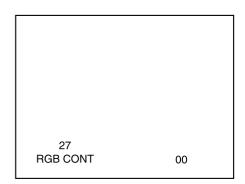


Fig. 3-3

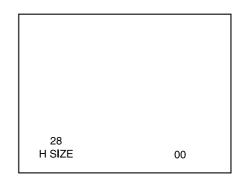


Fig. 3-4

3-4. H SIZE Horizontal Size Adjustment Adjustment Menu No. 28 (Page 3-4) This model does not support this function. Set the date value to "00". (Fig. 3-4)

# 3-5. V SIZE Vertical Size Adjustment

PAL

Adjustment Menu No. 29 (Page 3-5) Input signal : Crosshatch

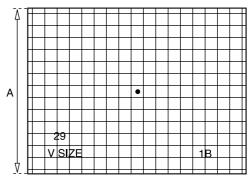
Measuring instrument : Pattern generator / PAL

• Use the volume keys on the jig remote controller and adjust A to position the dot mark in the center to the exact vertical centre of the crosshatch pattern on the screen and regularize the squares of the crosshatch pattern. (Fig. 3-5)

NTSC

Adjustment Menu No. 85 Input signal : Crosshatch

- Measuring instrument : Pattern generator / NTSC
- Using the "CHANNEL" key, scroll through the adjustment menu and select No. 85. To adjust, follow the same procedure as PAL.





- 3-6. SUB TINT Sub-Tint Adjustment Adjustment Menu No. 30 (Page 3-6) Input signal : Color bar (VIDEO IN) Measuring instrument: Oscilloscope Pattern generator / NTSC Test point : CNA301 ③ PIN B OUT
  - 1. Connect oscilloscope to the test point.
  - 2. Using the volume keys on the jig remote controller, adjust the top excursions of waveform to be linear. (Fig. 3-6)

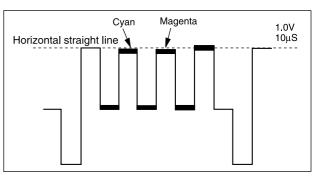


Fig. 3-6

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